





#### **FEATURES**

- RoHS compliant
- Single output rail
- 1kVDC isolation
- High efficiency for low power applications
- SIP & DIP package styles
- Power density 0.36W/cm³
- UL 94V-0 package material
- Footprint from 0.69cm<sup>2</sup>
- 5V & 12V input
- 5V, 9V, 12V & 15V output
- No heatsink required
- Internal SMD construction
- Fully encapsulated with toroidal magnetics
- No external components required
- MTTF up to 2.2 million hours
- Custom solutions available
- Pin compatible with NKE, NME & NML series
- PCB mounting

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The LME series of DC/DC converters are optimised for low-power operation. They are ideally suited to generating a negative supply where only a positive rail exists.





SELECTION GUIDE								
Order Code	Nominal Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Output Current	Efficiency	Isolation Capacitance	MTTF <sup>1</sup>	Package Style	
	V	V	mA	%	pF	kHrs		
LME0505DC	5	5	50	70	29	2279		
LME0509DC	5	9	28	75	37	1139	DIP	
LME0512DC	5	12	21	75	41	624	DIF	
LME0515DC	5	15	16	75	40	357		
LME0505SC	5	5	50	70	29	2279		
LME0509SC	5	9	28	75	37	1139	SIP	
LME0512SC	5	12	21	75	41	624	SIF	
LME0515SC	5	15	16	75	40	357		
LME1205DC	12	5	50	70	38	536		
LME1209DC	12	9	28	75	40	434	DIP	
LME1212DC	12	12	21	75	43	330	DIP	
LME1215DC	12	15	16	75	45	237		
LME1205SC	12	5	50	70	38	536		
LME1209SC	12	9	28	75	40	434	SIP	
LME1212SC	12	12	21	75	43	330	SIP	
LME1215SC	12	15	16	75	45	237		

When operated **with** additional external load capacitance the rise time of the input voltage will determine the maximum external capacitance value for guaranteed start up. The slower the rise time of the input voltage the greater the maximum value of the additional external capacitance for reliable start up.

INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
Voltage range	Continuous operation, 5V input types	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	
	Continuous operation, 12V input types	10.8	12	13.2	V	

OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
Rated Power <sup>2</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> =0°C to 70°C			0.25	W	
Voltage Set Point Accuracy	See tolerance envelope					
Line regulation	High V <sub>IN</sub> to low V <sub>IN</sub>		1.0	1.2	%/%	
Land Danidation 2	10% load to rated load, 5V output types			15	0/	
Load Regulation <sup>2</sup>	10% load to rated load, all other types			10	%	
Ripple and Noise	BW=DC to 20MHz, all output types			100	mV p-p	

ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS						
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
Isolation test voltage	Flash tested for 1 second	1000			VDC	
Resistance	Viso= 500VDC	1			GΩ	

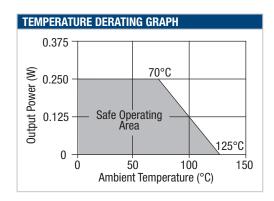
GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
Switching frequency	All input types		100		kHz	

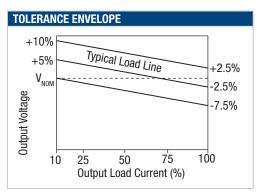
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS				
Short-circuit protection <sup>3</sup>	1 second			
Lead temperature 1.5mm from case for 10 seconds	300°C			
Input voltage V <sub>IN</sub> , LME05 types	7V			
Input voltage V <sub>IN</sub> , LME12 types	15V			

- 1. Calculated using MIL-HDBK-217F with nominal input voltage at full load.
- 2. See derating curve.
- 3. Supply voltage must be disconnected at the end of the short circuit duration.
- All specifications typical at Ta=25°C, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise specified.



TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS						
Parameter	Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Specification	All output types		0		70	0.0
Storage			-55		130	
Cooling	Free air convection					





#### **TECHNICAL NOTES**

#### **ISOLATION VOLTAGE**

'Hi Pot Test', 'Flash Tested', 'Withstand Voltage', 'Proof Voltage', 'Dielectric Withstand Voltage' & 'Isolation Test Voltage' are all terms that relate to the same thing, a test voltage, applied for a specified time, across a component designed to provide electrical isolation, to verify the integrity of that isolation.

Murata Power Solutions LME series of DC/DC converters are all 100% production tested at their stated isolation voltage. This is 1kVDC for 1 second.

A question commonly asked is, "What is the continuous voltage that can be applied across the part in normal operation?"

For a part holding no specific agency approvals, such as the LME series, both input and output should normally be maintained within SELV limits i.e. less than 42.4V peak, or 60VDC. The isolation test voltage represents a measure of immunity to transient voltages and the part should never be used as an element of a safety isolation system. The part could be expected to function correctly with several hundred volts offset applied continuously across the isolation barrier; but then the circuitry on both sides of the barrier must be regarded as operating at an unsafe voltage and further isolation/insulation systems must form a barrier between these circuits and any user-accessible circuitry according to safety standard requirements.

#### REPEATED HIGH-VOLTAGE ISOLATION TESTING

It is well known that repeated high-voltage isolation testing of a barrier component can actually degrade isolation capability, to a lesser or greater degree depending on materials, construction and environment. The LME series has toroidal isolation transformers, with no additional insulation between primary and secondary windings of enameled wire. While parts can be expected to withstand several times the stated test voltage, the isolation capability does depend on the wire insulation. Any material, including this enamel (typically polyurethane) is susceptible to eventual chemical degradation when subject to very high applied voltages thus implying that the number of tests should be strictly limited. We therefore strongly advise against repeated high voltage isolation testing, but if it is absolutely required, that the voltage be reduced by 20% from specified test voltage.

This consideration equally applies to agency recognized parts rated for better than functional isolation where the wire enamel insulation is always supplemented by a further insulation system of physical spacing or barriers.

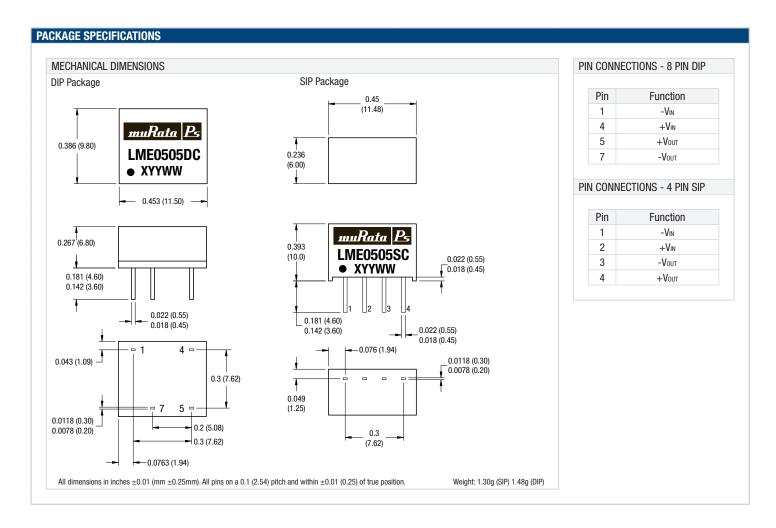
#### **ROHS COMPLIANT INFORMATION**



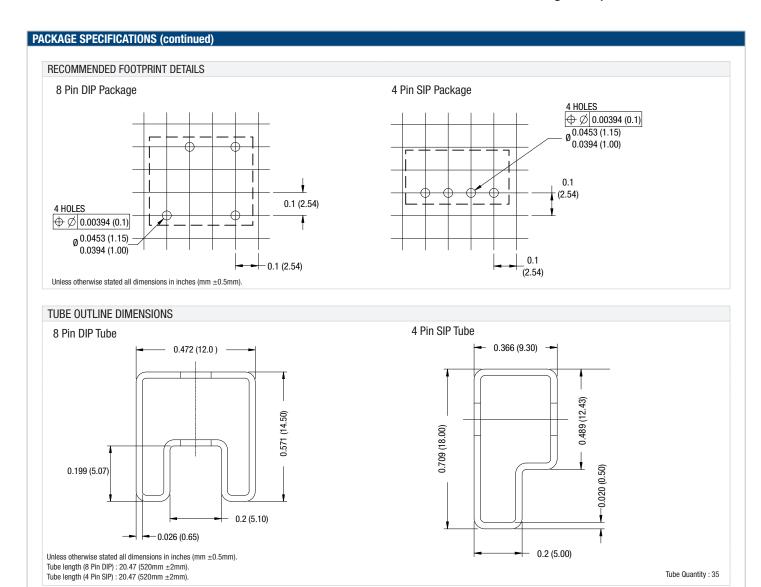
This series is compatible with RoHS soldering systems with a peak wave solder temperature of 300°C for 10 seconds. The pin termination finish on the SIP package type is Tin Plate, Hot Dipped over Matte Tin with Nickel Preplate. The DIP types are Matte Tin over Nickel Preplate. Both types in this series are backward compatible with Sn/Pb soldering systems.

For further information, please visit www.murata-ps.com/rohs









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